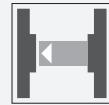




## Thru-beam sensor OBE2000-R2-SE1



- Ultra-small housing design
- 45° cable outlet for maximum mounting freedom under extremely tight space constraints
- Improvement in machine availability with abrasion-resistant, antistatic glass front
- Extremely large detection range in Long Range Mode
- Option of switching to high precision mode for greater switching accuracy

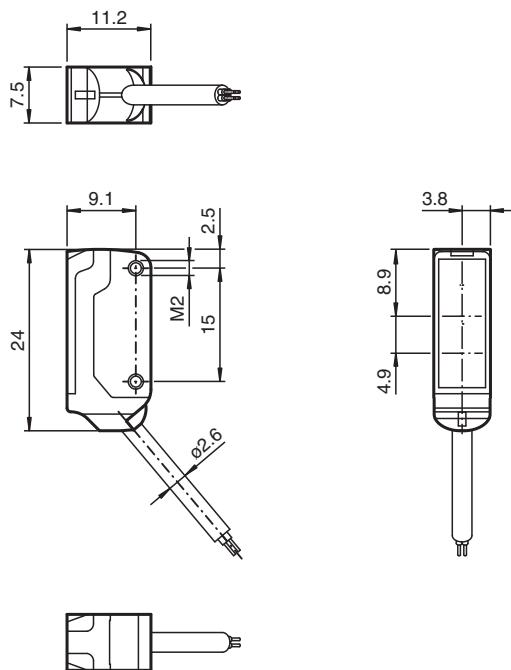
Thru-beam sensor for standard applications, miniature design, 2000 mm detection range, red light, light on, NPN output, fixed cable



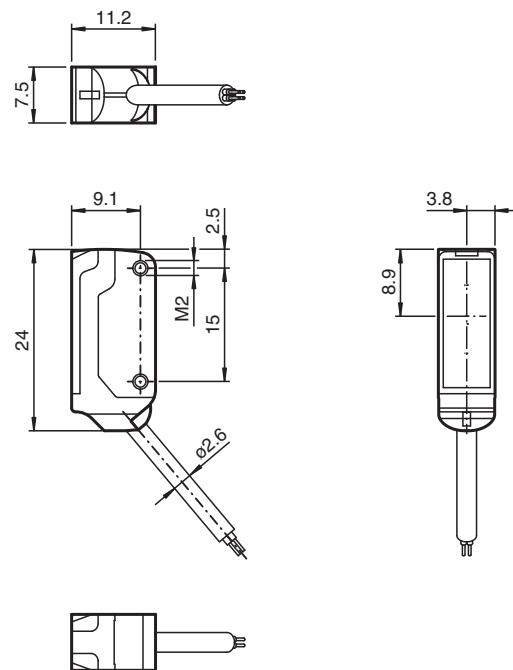
The nano sensor has been developed for a broad range of applications. It offers excellent durability and is exceptionally easy to install. The housing is compact and, with its 45° cable outlet, can be installed in the smallest spaces. New functional principles and functionality open up a range of new options.

### Dimensions

#### Transmitter



#### Receiver



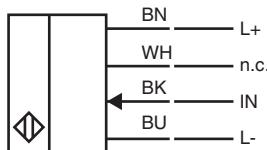
## Technical Data

System components		
Emitter	OBE2000-R2	
Receiver	OBE2000-R2-E1	
General specifications		
Effective detection range	Long range mode: 0 ... 2 m High precision mode: 0 ... 200 mm	
Threshold detection range	Long range mode: 2.5 m High precision mode: 300 mm	
Light source	LED	
Light type	modulated visible red light , 630 nm	
Angle deviation	approx. 2 °	
Diameter of the light spot	Long range mode: 150 mm at a distance of 2000 mm High precision mode: 0.5 mm at a distance of 50 mm	
Opening angle	approx. 2 °	
Optical face	frontal	
Ambient light limit	EN 60947-5-2 : 30000 Lux	
Functional safety related parameters		
MTTF <sub>d</sub>	806 a	
Mission Time (T <sub>M</sub> )	20 a	
Diagnostic Coverage (DC)	0 %	
Indicators/operating means		
Operation indicator	LED green, statically lit Power on , short-circuit : LED green flashing (approx. 4 Hz)	
Function indicator	Receiver: LED yellow, lights up when light beam is free, flashes when falling short of the stability control ; OFF when light beam is interrupted	
Electrical specifications		
Operating voltage	U <sub>B</sub>	10 ... 30 V DC , class 2
No-load supply current	I <sub>0</sub>	Emitter: ≤ 11 mA Receiver: ≤ 8 mA
Input		
Control input	Emitter selection BK: not connected, Long Range mode BK: 0 V, High Precision Mode	
Switching threshold	Teach-In input	
Output		
Switching type	NC contact	
Signal output	1 NPN output, short-circuit protected, reverse polarity protected, open collector	
Switching voltage	max. 30 V DC	
Switching current	max. 50 mA	
Voltage drop	U <sub>d</sub>	≤ 1.5 V DC
Switching frequency	f	approx. 800 Hz
Response time	600 µs	
Conformity		
Product standard	EN 60947-5-2	
Approvals and certificates		
EAC conformity	TR CU 020/2011	
UL approval	cULus Recognized, Class 2 Power Source	
CCC approval	CCC approval / marking not required for products rated ≤36 V	
Ambient conditions		
Ambient temperature	-25 ... 60 °C (-13 ... 140 °F)	
Storage temperature	-30 ... 70 °C (-22 ... 158 °F)	
Mechanical specifications		
Housing width	7.5 mm	
Housing height	24 mm	
Housing depth	11.2 mm	
Degree of protection	IP67	
Connection	2 m fixed cable	
Material		

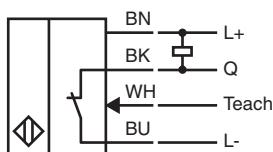
## Technical Data

Housing	PC/ABS and TPU
Optical face	glass
Cable	PUR
Installation	Fixing screws , 2 x M2 allen head screws included with delivery
Mass	approx. 20 g per sensor
Cable length	2 m

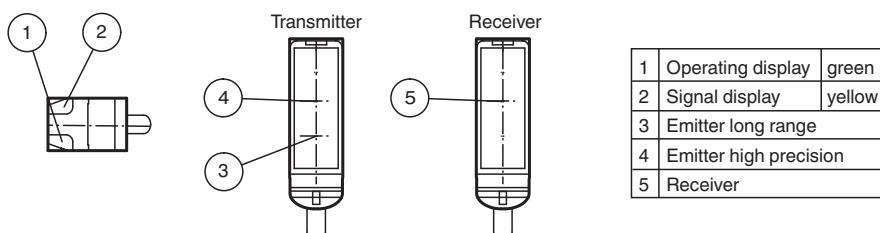
## Connection Assignment



## Connection



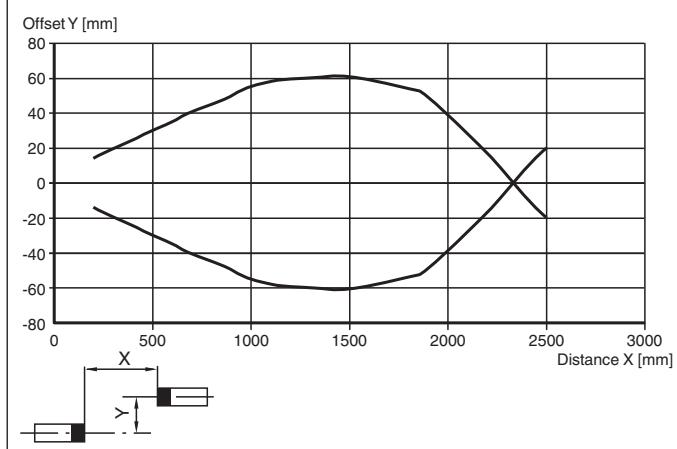
## Assembly



## Characteristic Curve

### Characteristic response curve Long Range Modus

Release date: 2022-06-03 Date of issue: 2022-06-03 Filename: 70137285\_eng.pdf



Refer to "General Notes Relating to Pepperl+Fuchs Product Information".

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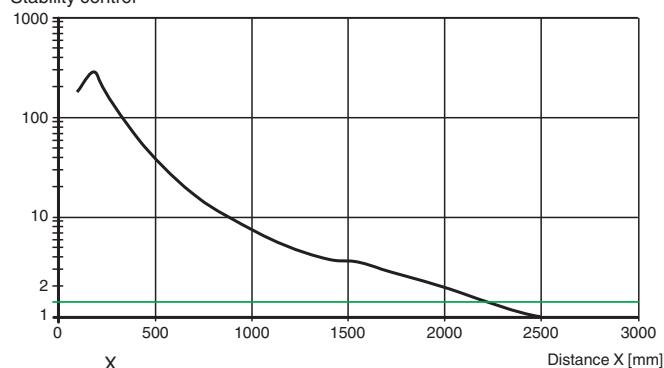
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PEPPERL+FUCHS

## Characteristic Curve

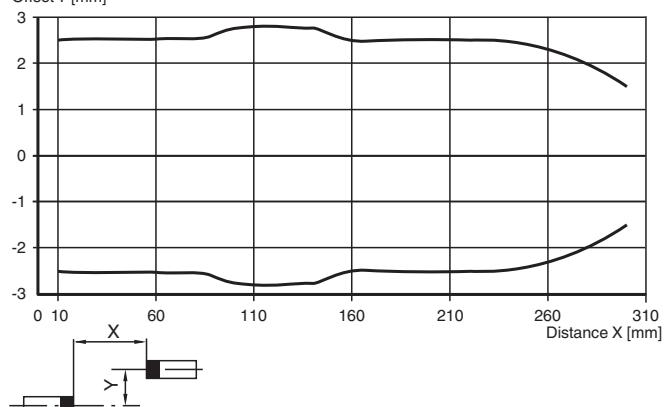
### Relative received light strength Long Range Modus

Stability control



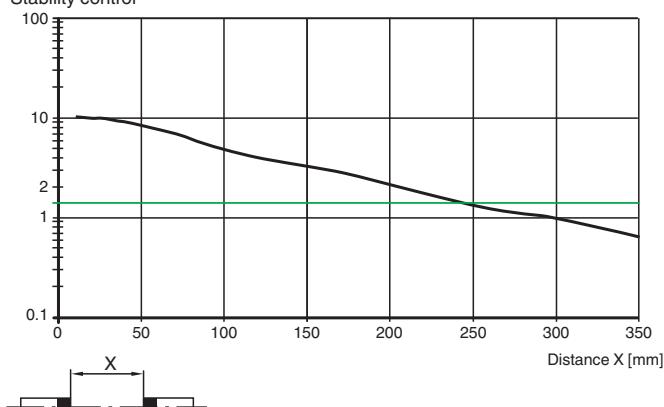
### Characteristic response curve High Precision Modus

Offset Y [mm]



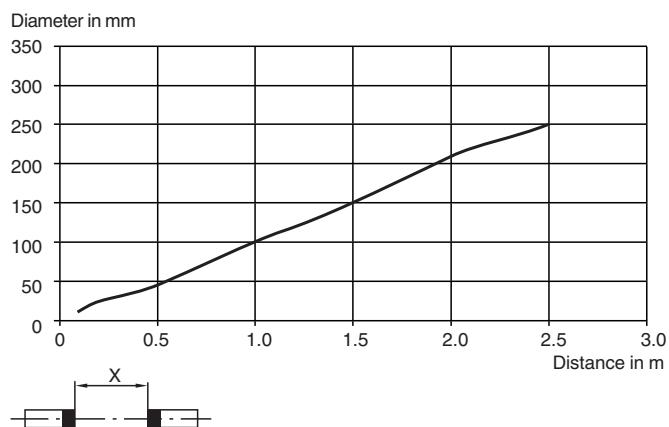
### Relative received light strength High Precision Modus

Stability control

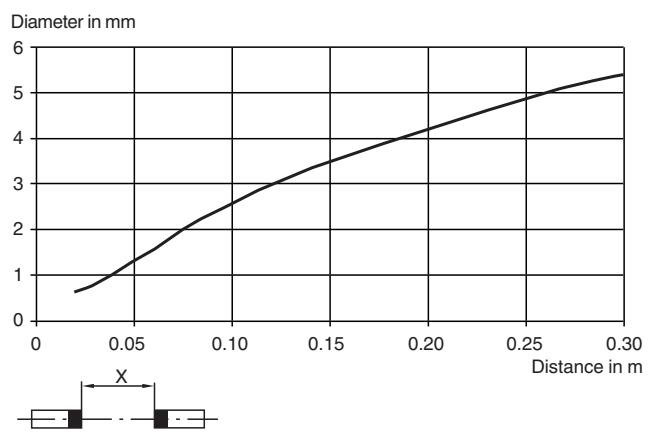


## Characteristic Curve

### Light spot diameter Long Range Modus



### Light spot diameter High Precision Modus



## Accessories

	<b>MH-R2-01</b>	Mounting aid for R2 series, Mounting bracket
	<b>MH-R2-02</b>	Mounting aid for R2 series, Mounting bracket
	<b>MH-R2-03</b>	Mounting aid for R2 series, Mounting bracket
	<b>MH-R2-04</b>	Mounting aid for R2 series, Mounting bracket

## Teach-In

The thru-beam sensor enables the switching points to be taught in for optimum adaptation to specific applications. This eliminates the need for additional components such as apertures.

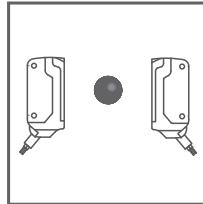
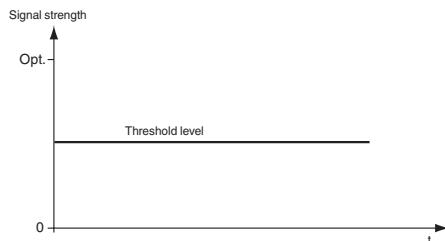
Essentially, all Teach-in methods can be used in both "High Precision" and "High Power" operating modes.

The sensitivity of the thru-beam sensor can be adjusted using three Teach-in methods:

### Position Teach

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set to a minimum



Recommended application:

This method enables extremely small differences in contrast to be detected, as well as minuscule particles in the beam path, and provides exceptional positioning accuracy.

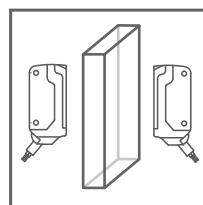
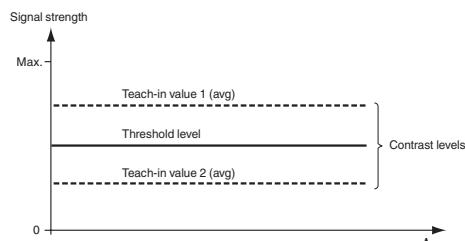
The best results are achieved in "High Precision" mode.

1. Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.
2. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.  
The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
3. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.  
The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
4. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up solid and yellow LED blinks.

### Two-Point Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to an optimum value
- The signal threshold is set in the center between the two taught signal values



Recommended application:

Enables detection of transparent objects.

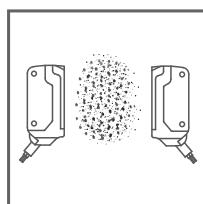
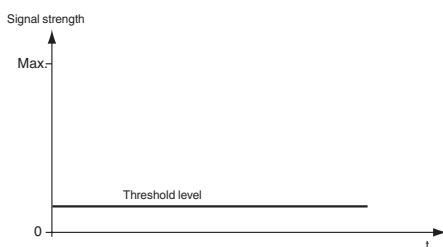
The best results are achieved in "High Precision" mode.

1. Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.
2. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.  
The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
3. Position the object in the beam path.
4. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.  
The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
5. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up solid.

### Maximum Teach-In

When using this Teach-in method, the following settings are made on the thru-beam sensor:

- The gain is set to a maximum
- The signal threshold is set to a minimum



## Recommended application:

Enables an object to be detected with a high excess gain. This can be useful if there is severe environmental contamination or to achieve long operating times.

The best results are achieved in "High Precision" mode.

1. Make sure that there are no objects in the beam path and that the sensor is connected to the power supply.
2. Cover the receiver or transmitter.
3. Connect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) to the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.  
The green and yellow LED indicators flash simultaneously at 2.5 Hz
4. Disconnect the white cable on the receiver (WH/IN) from the blue cable (BU/0 V) on the receiver.  
The green and yellow LED indicators flash alternately at 2.5 Hz
5. The end of the Teach-in process is indicated when the green LED indicator lights up solid.